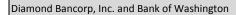


(Include Holding Company Where Applicable)





Point of Contact:	L.B. Eckelkamp, Jr., Chairman and President	RSSD: (For Bank Holding Companies)	2294812
UST Sequence Number:	1098	Docket Number: (For Thrift Holding Companies)	N/A
CPP/CDCI Funds Received:	20,445,000	FDIC Certificate Number: (For Depository Institutions)	12627
CPP/CDCI Funds Repaid to Date:		Credit Union Charter Number: (For Credit Unions)	N/A
Date Funded (first funding):	May 22, 2009	City:	Washington
Date Repaid <sup>1</sup> :	N/A	State:	Missouri
<sup>1</sup> If repayment was incrementa	al. please enter the most recent repayment date.	•	

If repayment was incremental, please enter the most recent repayment date.

American taxpayers are quite interested in knowing how banks have used the money that Treasury has invested under the Capital Purchase Program (CPP) and Community Development Capital Initiative (CDCI). To answer that question, Treasury is seeking responses that describe generally how the CPP/CDCI investment has affected the operation of your business. We understand that once received, the cash associated with TARP funding is indistinguishable from other cash sources, unless the funds were segregated, and therefore it may not be feasible to identify precisely how the CPP/CDCI investment was deployed or how many CPP/CDCI dollars were allocated to each use. Nevertheless, we ask you to provide as much information as you can about how you have used the capital Treasury has provided, and how your uses of that capital have changed over time. Treasury will be pairing this survey with a summary of certain balance sheet and other financial data from your institution's regulatory filings, so to the extent you find it helpful to do so, please feel free to refer to your institution's quarterly call reports to illustrate your answers. This is your opportunity to speak to the taxpayers in your own words, which will be posted on our website.

What specific ways did your institution utilize CPP/CDCI capital? Check all that apply and elaborate as appropriate, especially if the uses have shifted over time. Your responses should reflect actions taken over the past year (or for the portion of the year in which CPP/CDCI funds were outstanding).

Х	Increase lending or reduce lending less than otherwise would have occurred.
	The injection of the CPP funds have allowed us to continue to make loans to credit-worthy borrowers.







Diamond Bancorp, Inc. and Bank of Washington		
	To the extent the funds supported increased lending, please describe the major type of loans, if possible (residential mortgage loans, commercial mortgage loans, small business loans, etc.).	
	Increase securities purchased (ABS, MBS, etc.).	
Х	Make other investments.	
	Increased Bank-Owned Real Estate by \$6.1 million.	





### NAME OF INSTITUTION

(Include Holding Company Where Applicable)

Diamond Bancorp, Inc. and Bank of Washington

Increased	reserves for non-perfo	nan Losses hy \$1	1 7 million		
increased	Theserve for 1 ossible i	.oan Losses by \$1	, 1111111011.		
Reduce b	orrowings.				
	charge-offs.				
0					







(1111)	include Holding Company Where Applicable)		
Dia	Diamond Bancorp, Inc. and Bank of Washington		
	Purchase another financial institution or purchase assets from another financial institution.		
Х	Held as non-leveraged increase to total capital.		
	0		







Diamond Bancorp, Inc. and Bank of Washington	

What actions were you able to avoid because of the capital infusion of CPP/CDCI funds?
None





(Include Holding Company Where Applicable)

Diamond Bancorp, Inc. and Bank of Washington	
What actions were you able to take that you may not have taken without the capital infusion of CPP/CDCI funds?	

We have been able to continue to meet the demand for new loans from all credit-worthy borrowers.









Please describe any other actions that you were able to undertake with the capital infusion of CPP/CDCI funds.
The CPP funds have allowed us to maintain our well-capitalized position as we have absorbed increases in Other Real Estate Owned, the
Reserve for Possible Loan Losses and charge-offs while continuing to meet the needs of credit-worthy borrowers. In addition, we have been
able to increase our "on balance sheet" liquidity.